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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/884,978	06/21/2001	Shin Doi	209668US2	3265	
22850	22850 7590 10/15/2003			EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C.			LAZOR, MICHELLE A		
	ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			PAPER NUMBER	
			1734	16	
			DATE MAILED: 10/15/2003	, 1	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

4	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/884,978	DOI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit				
	Michelle A Lazor	1734				
Th MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ars on the cover she t with the	correspond nc address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed  ys will be considered timely.  the mailing date of this communication.  ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 22 s	September 2003 .					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ Th	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
S)⊠ Claim(s) <u>8-15</u> is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are rejected.	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o Application Papers	r election requirement.					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accept		miner				
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Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
<u> </u>	1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
_	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	•					
a) The translation of the foreign language pro						
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	• •					
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				
S. Patent and Trademark Office TOL-326 (Rev. 04-01) Office Ac	tion Summary	Part of Paper No. 16				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 2, 3 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. It is unclear how these claims further limit the claimed apparatus.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Doi et al.
   (U.S. Patent No. 6190455 B1) in view of the admitted prior art and Subramanian et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6270579 B1).

Regarding Claims 1 and 7, Doi et al. disclose a finely-divided powder spray apparatus having a spray nozzle pipe configured to discharge finely-divided powders from a tip, such as liquid crystal spacers (Abstract), together with a gas flow (column 2, lines 5 – 14) onto large liquid crystal displays (column 2, lines 27 – 33) and a moving-speed control device configured to control a moving-speed of the tip of said spray nozzle pipe depending on how much coating

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material is to be sprayed on a substrate (column 4, lines 36 - 42), but does not disclose moving the tip of said spray nozzle pipe based on a density distribution function indicating a density of the finely-divided powders deposited at each spray point on the surface of said liquid crystal display in a trial spray. However, the admitted prior art discloses difficulty in uniformly spraying onto large liquid display panels (page 3, lines 2 - 8) and Subramanian et al. disclose a system which controls the uniformity of a coated material using a processor capable of controlling a moving-speed of the tip portion of said spray nozzle pipe based on a density distribution function (column 6, line 60 - column 7, line 4). Additionally, Subramanian et al. teach adjusting the volume of a coated material on a substrate based on the thickness uniformity of a coated material on the surface of a test substrate (column 3, lines 29 - 37). Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to move the tip of said spray nozzle pipe based on a density distribution function indicating a density of the thickness of a coated material on the surface of a test substrate, to more easily control and adjust the thickness uniformity of the coated material applied on a substrate.

Regarding Claims 2 and 3, Subramanian et al. disclose a processor that receives measured data and determines the overall thickness by classical signal analysis and estimation algorithms (column 6, lines 60 - 64). Therefore one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would appreciate how to manipulate the measured data and fit the points into an equation (i.e. a quadratic function, which is known to be a type of algorithm) in order to be able to predict the reduction rate of the density of the deposited finely-divided powders based on the distance between a peak point of powder density and a spray point.

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Regarding Claims 4-6, Doi et al. disclose the moving-speed of the tip of said spray nozzle pipe is capable of being decreased under control as the reduction rate of the density of said deposited finely-divided powders is increased (column 4, lines 36-42).

## Allowable Subject Matter

- 1. Claims 8 15 are allowed.
- 2. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: There was no reference in the prior art search that disclosed, taught, or suggested a calculating unit configured to calculate a density distribution function indicating a density of the finely-divided powders deposited at each spray point on the surface of said member in a trial spray, coupled with a spray nozzle and a moving speed control device. As discussed above, any processor or computer is capable of calculating a density distribution function, however, there were no references found that disclosed software that is *specifically* configured to calculate a density distribution function as described in Claim 8 and 15.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

### Response to Arguments

Applicant has argued the subject matter of Claims 2, 3, and 7 further limit the subject matter defined in Claim 1. Examiner agrees, however, Examiner believes it is unclear to what extent the apparatus is changed or limited with respect to the configuration of the apparatus and

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how the apparatus operates. Therefore the Examiner maintains the rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph.

Applicant asserts the Subramanian et al. reference do not teach controlling a tip portion of said spray nozzle pipe based on a density distribution function. However, the processor disclosed by Subramanian et al. is capable of calculating a density distribution function, since it functions similarly to a computer (column 6, line 60 – column 7, line 22), and therefore renders Claim 1 unpatentable.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michelle A Lazor whose telephone number is 703-305-7976.

The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Thurs 6:30 - 4:00, Fridays 6:30 - 3:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Crispino can be reached on 703-308-3853. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

Meulle Kewelo Jan

RICHARD CRISPINO SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700